VILLAGE OF LODA

Loda, Illinois

Annual Financial Report

For the Year Ended April 30, 2021

Feller & Kuester CPAs LLP Certified Public Accountants 806 Parkland Court Champaign, IL 61821 217-351-3192

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees Village of Loda Loda, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Village of Loda, Illinois (the Village), as of and for the year ended April 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1. This includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Village's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used, and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made, by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Village as of April 30, 2021; the respective changes in modified cash basis financial position; and, when applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting as described in Note 1.

Report on Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements as a whole that collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements. The schedule of property tax levies, rates, extensions, and collections is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of property tax levies, rates, extensions, and collections presented on page 23 is the responsibility of management and was derived from, and relates directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements that describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Feller & Kuester CPAs LLP

Feller & Kuestn CPAs LLP

Champaign, Illinois

July 16, 2021

VILLAGE OF LODA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS APRIL 30, 2021

	vernmental activities	iness-Type activities		Total
Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 543,260	\$ 97,766	\$	641,026
Investments	94,949	-		94,949
Capital Assets:				
Nondepreciable:				
Land	5,000	12,291		17,291
Construction in Progress	-	197,477		197,477
Depreciable, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	 53,759	 215,329	_	269,088
Total Assets	 696,968	522,863		1,219,831
Liabilities				
Payroll Taxes Payable	 6	 		6
Total Liabilities	 6			6
Net Position				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	58,759	425,097		483,856
Restricted for:				
Unemployment Insurance	40	-		40
Streets and Highways	41,963	-		41,963
Audit	2,881	-		2,881
Unrestricted	 593,319	97,766		691,085
Total Net Position	\$ 696,962	\$ 522,863	\$	1,219,825

VILLAGE OF LODA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2021

			Program Revenues					Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position					
					Operating	Capital	Primary Gover			y Governme	ent		
			Ch	arges for	Grants and	Grants and	Gov	vernmental	Bus	siness-Type			
Functions/Programs	<u>E</u>	xpenses	<u>S</u>	Services	Contributions	Contributions	A	<u> Activities</u>	<u> </u>	<u>Activities</u>		Total	
Primary Government:													
Governmental Activities:													
General Government	\$	74,177	\$	4,300	\$ -		\$	(69,877)	\$	-	\$	(69,877)	
Streets and Highways		87,857		2,500	=	=		(85,357)		-		(85,357)	
Parks		2,537		-	-			(2,537)		-		(2,537)	
Total Governmental Activities		164,571		6,800				(157,771)		-		(157,771)	
Business-Type Activities:													
Water		66,231		92,050	-	-		-		25,819		25,819	
Total Business-Type Activities		66,231		92,050				-		25,819		25,819	
Total Primary Government	\$	230,802	\$	98,850	\$ -	\$ -		(157,771)		25,819		(131,952)	
			Gener	ral Revenue	s:								
			Tax	es:									
			Pı	roperty Tax				28,625		-		28,625	
			M	Iunicipal El	ectric Utilities Ta	X		7,163		-		7,163	
			M	Iunicipal Co	ommunications U	tilities Tax		1,935		-		1,935	
			M	Iunicipal Ga	as Utilities Tax			3,376		-		3,376	
			St	tate Income	Tax			46,657		-		46,657	
			St	tate Sales Ta	ax			25,215		-		25,215	
			St	tate Use Tax	X			18,197		-		18,197	
			St	tate Cannab	is Use Tax			333		-		333	
			St	tate Motor I	Fuel Tax			27,850		-		27,850	
			St	tate Replace	ement Tax			2,937		-		2,937	
			St	tate Gaming	g Tax			10,686		-		10,686	
			Inte	rest Income	2			1,167		480		1,647	
			Total	General Re	venue			174,141		480		174,621	
			Chang	ge in Net Po	osition			16,370		26,299		42,669	
			Net P	osition - Be	ginning of Year			680,592		496,564		1,177,156	
			Net P	osition - En	d of Year		\$	696,962	\$	522,863	\$	1,219,825	

See Accompanying Notes.

VILLAGE OF LODA BALANCE SHEET - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS APRIL 30, 2021

Assets	General Fund		Motor Fuel Tax Fund		Audit Fund		nfort tion	Insurance Fund	Gov	Totals vernmental Funds
Current Assets										
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 498,140	\$	42,239	\$	2,881	\$	_	\$ -	\$	543,260
Investments	94,949	-	-	•	-,	*	_	-	*	94,949
Due From Other Funds	276									276
Total Assets	\$ 593,365	\$	42,239	\$	2,881	\$		\$ -	\$	638,485
Liabilities										
Payroll Taxes Payable	\$ 6	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	6
Due to Other Funds	-		276		-		-	-		276
Total Liabilities	6		276		-				_	282
Fund Balances										
Restricted for:										
Unemployment Insurance	40		=		-		-	-		40
Streets and Highways	-		41,963		-		-	-		41,963
Audit	-		-		2,881		-	-		2,881
Unassigned	593,319									593,319
Fund Balances	593,359		41,963		2,881		-		- —	638,203
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 593,365	\$	42,239	\$	2,881	\$		\$ -	\$	638,485
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Total Fund Balances of Governmen		odific	ed Cash B	asis:					\$	638,203
Amounts Reported for Governmenta Different Because:	al Activities in	the S	Statement o	of Net	Position -	Modifie	ed Cash	Basis are		
Capital assets used in government in the funds.	al activities are	e not	financial re	esour	ces and, th	erefore,	are not	reported		58,759
Net Position of Governmental Activ	rities								\$	696,962

VILLAGE OF LODA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2021

		General Fund		Motor Tuel Tax Fund		Audit Fund	Co St	ublic omfort tation Fund		Insurance Fund		Totals vernmental Funds
Revenues												
Local Taxes												
Property Tax	\$	15,655	\$	-	\$	3,915	\$	49	\$	9,006	\$	28,625
Municipal Electric Utilities Tax		7,163		-		-		-		-		7,163
Municipal Communications Utilities Tax		1,935		-		-		-		-		1,935
Municipal Gas Utilities Tax		3,376		-		-		-		-		3,376
Intergovernmental Receipts and Grants												
State Income Tax		46,657		-		-		-		-		46,657
State Sales Tax		25,215		-		-		-		-		25,215
State Use Tax		18,197										18,197
State Cannabis Use Tax		333		-		-		-		-		333
State Motor Fuel Tax		-		27,850		-		-		-		27,850
State Replacement Tax		2,937		-		-		-		-		2,937
State Gaming Tax		10,686		-		-		-		-		10,686
Other Sources												
Licenses and Permits		1,880		-		-		-		-		1,880
Fines and Forfeitures		472		_		_		_		_		472
Franchise Fees		1,948		_		_		_		_		1,948
Other Fees		2,500		_		_		_		_		2,500
Interest Income		1,039		68		10		10		40		1,167
Total Revenues	_	139,993		27,918		3,925		59		9,046	_	180,941
Evnanditung												
Expenditures												
Current		57.100				5 550				11 420		74 177
General Government		57,199		50 (01		5,550		-		11,428		74,177
Streets and Highways		29,892		52,681		-		202		-		82,573
Parks		1,472		- 50 (01				202		11 420		1,674
Total Expenditures		88,563		52,681		5,550		202		11,428		158,424
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues												
Over Expenditures		51,430		(24,763)		(1,625)		(143)		(2,382)		22,517
Other Financing Sources (Uses)												
None										-		
Net Changes in Fund Balances		51,430		(24,763)		(1,625)		(143)		(2,382)		22,517
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		541,929		66,726		4,506		143		2,382		615,686
Fund Balances - Beginning of Tear Fund Balances - End of Year	•	593,359	\$	41,963	\$	2,881	\$	- 143	\$	2,362		638,203
rund Barances - End of Tear	<u> </u>	393,339		41,903	—	2,001	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		=	036,203
Reconciliation to the Statement of Activitie Net Change in Fund Balances of Government			ash l	Basis:							\$	22,517
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activ Different Because:	ities	in the State	emen	nt of Activit	ies -	Modified (Cash E	Basis are				
Governmental funds report capital outlays a to allocate those costs over the lives of the a Depreciation Expense		-	whil	e governme	ent ac	tivities rep	ort de	preciation	n			(6,147)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Acti	iviti.	2 C									\$	16,370
Change in free rosmon or Governmental Acti	1 V I L I C	.o									<u> </u>	10,370

VILLAGE OF LODA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUND APRIL 30, 2021

	Water Fund				
Assets					
Current Assets					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	97,766			
Total Current Assets		97,766			
Noncurrent Assets					
Capital Assets:					
Nondepreciable:					
Land		12,291			
Construction in Progress		197,477			
Depreciable, Net of Accumulated Depreciation		215,329			
Total Noncurrent Assets		425,097			
Total Assets		522,863			
Liabilities					
None					
Total Liabilities					
Net Position					
Net Investment in Capital Assets		425,097			
Unrestricted		97,766			
Total Net Position	\$	522,863			

VILLAGE OF LODA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2021

	Wat	er Fund
Operating Revenue		
User Fees	\$	92,050
Total Operating Revenue		92,050
Operating Expenses		
Contractual Services		45,380
Materials and Supplies		1,336
Utilities		4,831
Depreciation		14,684
Total Operating Expenses		66,231
Operating Income (Loss)		25,819
Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses)		
Interest Income		480
Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses)		480
Change in Net Position		26,299
Net Position - Beginning of Year		496,564
Net Position - End of Year	\$	522,863

VILLAGE OF LODA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2021

	Water Fund			
Cash Flows from Operating Activities				
Receipts from Customers	\$	92,050		
Payments to Suppliers of Goods and Services		(51,547)		
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities		40,503		
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities				
Purchase of Capital Assets		(66,867)		
Cash Flows from Investing Activities				
Interest Receipts		480		
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(25,884)		
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		123,650		
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$	97,766		
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash				
Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities				
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	25,819		
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash				
Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:				
Depreciation expense		14,684		
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$	40,503		

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

As discussed further later in this Note, these financial statements are presented on a modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). These modified cash basis financial statements generally meet the presentation and disclosure requirements applicable to GAAP, in substance, but are limited to the elements presented in the financial statements and the constraints of the measurement and recognition criteria of the modified cash basis of accounting.

Financial Reporting Entity

The Village of Loda (the Village) is duly organized and existing under the provisions of the laws of the State of Illinois. The Village is governed by an elected Board consisting of six trustees. The Village's financial reporting entity is composed of a single primary government. In determining the financial reporting entity, the Village complies with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity*. Based on the operational and financial criteria of that statement, the Village does not have a component unit that should be reported as part of the reporting entity.

Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis and the Statement of Activities – Modified Cash Basis display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitutes its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into two major categories: governmental and proprietary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Village or meets the following criteria:

• Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental fund or proprietary fund are at least ten percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type.

• Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental fund or proprietary fund are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and proprietary funds combined.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental Funds

General Fund – The general fund is the primary operating fund of the Village and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

Special Revenue Funds – Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are either legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes or designated to finance particular functions or activities of the Village. The reporting entity included the following special revenue funds that are reported as a major funds:

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Brief Description</u>
Motor Fuel Tax Fund	Accounts for motor fuel tax provided by the State of
	Illinois and expenditures paid for road repair and replacement.
Audit Fund	Accounts for property taxes levied and expenditures paid for audit services.
Public Comfort Station Fund	Accounts for property taxes levied and expenditures paid for the public restrooms in the park.
Insurance Fund	Accounts for property taxes levied and expenditures paid for insurance expenses.

Proprietary Fund

Enterprise Fund – Enterprise funds are used to account for business-type activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges and measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector. The reporting entity includes the following enterprise fund that is reported as a major fund:

<u>Fund</u>	Brief Description
Water Fund	Accounts for revenues received and expenses paid
	for operating the water system.

The audit fund, public comfort station fund, and insurance fund do not meet the requirements of a major fund; however, management has elected to include these funds as major funds of the Village.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis and the Statement of Activities – Modified Cash Basis, both governmental activities and business-type activities are presented using the "economic resources" measurement focus, within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting, as defined below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus, as applied to the modified cash basis of accounting, is used as defined below:

- All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only
 current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their
 operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources
 during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available
 spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- The proprietary funds utilize an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current, financial or non-financial) associated with their activities are reported. These funds' equities are classified as net position.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis and Statement of Activities – Modified Cash Basis and the fund financial statements, activities and funds are presented using a modified cash basis of accounting. This basis recognizes assets, liabilities, net position/fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses when they result from cash transactions with a provision for depreciation and recording of long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds financial statements. This basis is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

If the Village utilized the basis of accounting recognized as generally accepted in the United States of America, the fund financial statements for governmental funds would use the modified accrual basis of accounting. All government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements for proprietary funds would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of these statements, cash and cash equivalents include all cash and highly liquid investments acquired with an original maturity date of three months or less.

Investments

Investments classified in the financial statements consist entirely of certificates of deposit acquired with cash whose original maturity term exceeds three months. Investments are carried at cost, which approximates fair value.

Capital Assets

The Village's modified cash basis of accounting reports capital assets resulting from cash transactions and reports depreciation where appropriate. The accounting treatment over property, plant, and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and similar discretely presented component unit operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements

In the government—wide financial statements, capital assets arising from cash transactions are accounted for as assets in the Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays in excess of the capitalization threshold that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. The Village, in compliance with GASB 34 (as amended), as a Phase 3 implementer, has chosen not to capitalize infrastructure costs incurred prior to the implementation of GASB 34 at May 1, 2004 for governmental activities on the Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets arising from cash transactions is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities – Modified Cash Basis, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives and capitalization threshold by type of asset is as follows:

	Useful Life	Capitalization
	(Years)	Threshold
Buildings	20 - 40	\$ 50,000
Machinery and Equipment	5 - 10	\$ 5,000
Land Improvements	15	\$ 10,000
Water Distribution System	20 - 40	\$ 50,000

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets arising from cash transactions acquired for use in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets acquired for use in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as government-wide financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements and for proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

Long-term debt arising from cash basis transactions of governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary funds is the same in the fund financial statements as the treatment in the government-wide financial statements, which is the debt proceeds are reported as liabilities at the time of occurrence and payment of principal is reported as reduction in debt outstanding and interest is reported as an expense.

Equity Classification

Government-Wide Statements

In the government-wide financial statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Village's policy to use restricted resources first and then unrestricted.

- Net Investment in Capital Assets consists of capital assets including restricted capital
 assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any
 bonds, mortgages, notes or other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction,
 or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted Net Position consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by external groups, by laws of other higher authority governments, or by constitutional provisions. The Village at April 30, 2021 reported the total amount of \$44,884 as restricted in the following components:

- \$2,921 restricted for unspent special tax levies. This amount can only be spent for purposes as described in the special tax levy.
- o \$41,963 restricted for unspent motor fuel tax. This amount can only be spent on highway and street improvements under state laws and procedures.
- Unrestricted Net Position consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of restricted or net investment in capital assets.

Fund Financial Statements

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund equity is classified as fund balance and displayed in five components in accordance with GASB Statement Number 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. The five components of fund balance are:

- Nonspendable consists of fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints require them to be maintained intact. At April 30, 2021, the Village did not report any amounts as nonspendable.
- Restricted consists of fund balances with constraints placed on their use either by external groups, by laws of higher authority governments or by constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation. The Village at April 30, 2021 reported the total amount of \$44,884 as restricted in the following components:
 - o General Fund \$40 restricted for unspent special tax levies. This amount can only be spent for purposes as described in the special tax levy. See Note 8 regarding the breakdown of these restrictions.
 - Motor Fuel Tax Fund \$41,963 restricted for unspent motor fuel tax. This amount can only be spent on highway and street improvements under state laws and procedures.
 - o Audit Fund \$2,881 restricted for unspent special tax levy. This amount can only be spent for audit expenditures as described in the special tax levy.
- Committed consists of fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by formal action of the highest level of decision-making authority, the Village Trustees. These amounts are committed thru a resolution approved by the Village Trustees prior to year-end (actual amounts are determined after year-end). Any changes to the constraints imposed require amendment by the same type of Village Trustee resolution. At April 30, 2021, the Village did not report any amounts as committed.
- Assigned consists of fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are not considered restricted or committed. Fund balance may be assigned by financial management or official action of the Village Trustees and also includes all amounts in governmental funds, other than the general fund, that are not restricted or

committed. Assignments may take place after the end of the reporting period. At April 30, 2021, the Village did not report any amounts as assigned.

• Unassigned - consists of residual positive fund balance within the general fund which has not been classified within the other above categories. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those specific purposes. At April 30, 2021, the Village reported the amount of \$593,319 as unassigned in the general fund.

The Village's flow of funds assumption prescribes that the funds with the highest level of constraint are expended first. If restricted or unrestricted funds are available for spending, the restricted funds are spent first unless there are legal documents or contracts that prohibit this (ex. grant agreements). Additionally, if different levels of unrestricted funds are available for spending, the Village considers committed funds to be expended first followed by assigned and then unassigned funds.

The Village does not maintain any rainy-day funds (amounts set aside for use in emergency situations or when a budgetary imbalance arises). The Village also does not utilize encumbrance accounting. Appropriations not spent at year-end lapse and may be acted upon as a supplemental appropriation, if required.

Program Revenues

In the Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis, revenues that are derived directly from each activity or from parties outside the Village's taxpayers are reported as program revenues. Program revenues include the following:

Governmental Activities

Charges for Services:

Licenses and Permits Fees paid by the public for license and permits.

Fines and Forfeitures Amounts remitted to the Village by entities and persons for

violation of Village ordinances.

Franchise Fees Fees paid by the public for franchise fees.

Other Fees Other fees paid by the public for services.

Business-Type Activities

Charges for Services:

User Fees Fees paid by the public for water usage.

All other governmental revenues are reported as general. All taxes are classified as general revenue even if restricted for a specific purpose.

Operating and Non-Operating Revenues and Expenses of the Proprietary Funds

Operating revenues and expenses for the proprietary funds are those that result from providing services. It also includes all revenues and expenses not related to capital and related financing, non-capital financing, or investing activities.

Internal and Interfund Balances and Activities

In the process of aggregating the financial information for the government-wide Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis and Statement of Activities – Modified Cash Basis, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the fund financial statements have been eliminated or reclassified.

Fund Financial Statements

Interfund activity, if any, within and among the governmental fund categories is reported as follows in the fund financial statements:

- Interfund Loans Amounts provided with a requirement for repayment are reported as due to and due from other funds.
- Interfund Services Sales or purchases of goods and services between funds are reported as revenues and expenditures/expenses.
- Interfund Reimbursements Repayments from funds responsible for certain expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not reported as reimbursements but as adjustments to expenditures/expenses in the respective funds.
- Interfund Transfers Flow of assets from one fund to another where repayment is not expected are reported as transfers in and out.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Interfund activity and balances, if any, are eliminated or reclassified in the government-wide financial statements as follows:

- Internal Balances Amounts reported in the fund financial statements as interfund receivables and payables are eliminated in the governmental and business-type columns of the Statement of Net Position Modified Cash Basis, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities which are reported as Internal Balances.
- Internal Activities Amounts reported as interfund transfers in the fund financial statements are eliminated in the government-wide Statement of Activities Modified Cash Basis except for the net amount of transfers between governmental and business-type activities, which are reported as Internal Activities. The effects of interfund services between funds, if any, are not eliminated in the Statement of Activities Modified Cash Basis.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the modified cash basis of accounting used by the Village requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures (such as estimated useful lives in determining depreciation expense); accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Subsequent Events

The Village has evaluated subsequent events through July 16, 2021, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued. The Village is in the process of planning for the construction of a new water tower. To pay for the project, the Village would get a \$550,000 grant and an Illinois EPA loan for the balance. Half of the Illinois EPA loan would be forgiven and the remaining amount would be paid back over thirty years at 1% interest rate.

NOTE 2 – Legal Budget

Legal budgets are prepared in the form of appropriations for Village funds using the cash basis of accounting as outlined under Chapter 50, Section 330 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes. Unexpended appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year. Once a budget is approved, it can be amended at the function and fund level by approval of a majority of the members of the Board of Village Trustees after a public notice and hearing. Appropriations transfers between budget line items may be presented to the Board at their regular meetings. Each transfer must have Board approval. Such transfers are made before the fact and are reflected in the official minutes of the Board. There were no transfers made after fiscal year-end, as dictated by law.

Actual cash expenditures exceeded appropriations by \$50 in the audit fund for the year ended April 30, 2021. Overspending the audit fund was the result of not appropriating for fees associated with additional GATA reporting requirements.

NOTE 3 – Property Taxes

The Village's property tax is levied each year on all taxable real property located in the Village on or before the last Tuesday in December. The Board of Village Trustees passed the 2019 tax levy on October 9, 2019. The Board of Village Trustees passed the 2020 tax levy on October 14, 2020. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 and are payable in two installments on June 1st and September 1st. The Village receives significant distributions of tax receipts approximately one month after these due dates. Property taxes are recorded as revenue when they are received. Property tax receipts in these financial statements are from the 2019 tax levy.

NOTE 4 – Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Village is authorized to invest excess funds in instruments outlined under Chapter 30, Section 235, of the Illinois Compiled Statutes. Such instruments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury, savings accounts, certificates of deposit, and money market mutual funds.

Custodial Credit Risk – Bank Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned to it. The Village does not have an investment policy and thus does not have a written policy to address custodial credit risk. At April 30, 2021, the Village had a bank balance of \$736,015, which reconciled to a book balance of \$735,975, exposed to custodial credit risk. The table presented below is designed to disclose the level of custodial credit risk assumed by the Village based upon how its deposits were insured or secured with collateral at April 30, 2021. The categories of custodial credit risk are defined as follows:

Category 1 – Insured by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or collateralized with securities held by the Village or by its agent in its name.

Category 2 – Uninsured but collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the Village's name.

Category 3 – Uninsured and uncollateralized; or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution or by its trust department or agent but not in the Village's name; or properly collateralized with no written and approved collateral agreement.

	Total			Custo								
	Bar	nk Balance		1		1		1		2	3	
Type of Deposit							 					
Insured Deposits	\$	279,207	\$	279,207	\$	-	\$ -					
Uninsured Deposits												
Collateralized		456,808		-		456,808	-	Total Bank				
Uncollateralized				-				Balance				
Total Deposits	\$	736,015	\$	279,207	\$	456,808	\$ 	\$ 736,015				

Reconciliation to Government-Wide Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis:

Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 641,026
Investments	94,949
Outstanding Items	 40
Total Bank Balance	\$ 736,015

NOTE 5 – Capital Assets

A summary of capital assets activity, resulting from modified cash basis transactions, for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2021, was as follows for governmental activities:

	Balance at May 1, 2020		Additions		<u>Deductions</u>		Balance at April 30, 2021	
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:								
Land	\$	5,000	\$		\$		\$	5,000
Other Capital Assets:								
Buildings		211,352		-		-		211,352
Machinery and Equipment		142,356		-		-		142,356
Land Improvements		12,940				-		12,940
Total Depreciable Property at Historical Cost		366,648		-		_		366,648
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:					•			
Buildings		164,386		5,284		-		169,670
Machinery and Equipment		142,356		-		-		142,356
Land Improvements		-		863		-		863
Total Accumulated Depreciation		306,742		6,147	•	-	•	312,889
Other Capital Assets, Net		59,906		(6,147)				53,759
Capital Assets, Net	\$	64,906	\$	(6,147)	\$		\$	58,759

Depreciation expense of \$5,284 was charged to the streets and highways function and \$863 was charged to the parks function on the Statement of Activities – Modified Cash Basis.

A summary of capital assets activity, resulting from modified cash basis transactions, for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2021, was as follows for business-type activities:

	Balance at May 1, 2020			Additions		Transfer		Balance at April 30, 2021	
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:	<u>Iviay 1, 2020</u>		Δ	damons	Transfer		<u>April 50, 2021</u>		
Land	\$	12,291	\$	_	\$	-	\$	12,291	
Construction in Progress		130,610		66,867		-		197,477	
Land and Construction in Progress		142,901		66,867		_		209,768	
Other Capital Assets:									
Water Distribution System		591,129		-				591,129	
Total Depreciable Property at Historical Cost		591,129		-		_		591,129	
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:									
Water Distribution System		361,116		14,684		-		375,800	
Total Accumulated Depreciation		361,116		14,684		_		375,800	
Other Capital Assets, Net		230,013		(14,684)		_		215,329	
Capital Assets, Net	\$	372,914	\$	52,183	\$		\$	425,097	

Depreciation expense of \$14,684 was charged to the water function on the Statement of Activities – Modified Cash Basis.

NOTE 6 – Interfund Receivables and Payables

At April 30, 2021, the motor fuel tax fund owed the general fund \$276 due to an expenditure paid out of the wrong fund. This interfund loan is expected to be paid back within one year.

NOTE 7 – Risk Management

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Village purchases commercial insurance to cover these risks of loss. During the current fiscal year, there were no significant reductions in insurance coverage for any category. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 8 – Restricted Property Tax Activity

The Village had the following restricted property tax activity in the general fund during the year ended April 30, 2021:

	Special Tax Levy									
				Road						
	9	Street Social U				oloyment		and		
	Li	ighting	Se	Security		Security Compensation]	Bridge	
Restricted Balance at April 30, 2020	\$	-	\$	-	\$	26	\$	-		
Property Taxes Received		1,273		343		98		5,229		
Expenditures Incurred		(1,273)		(343)		(84)		(5,229)		
Restricted Balance at April 30, 2021	\$	-	\$	-	\$	40	\$	-		

The Village had the following restricted property tax activity in the insurance fund during the year ended April 30, 2021:

Special Tax Levy					
Li	ability	W	orkers		
Ins	surance	Comp	ensation		
\$	-	\$	-		
	8,712		294		
	(8,712)		(294)		
\$	_	\$	-		
	Ins	Liability Insurance \$ - 8,712 (8,712)	Liability Wo Comp \$ - \$ 8,712 (8,712)		

NOTE 9 – Contractual Commitments

The Village entered into an operating agreement on December 12, 2018 with ERH Enterprises, Inc. to operate the water system. The operating agreement covers the period of April 12, 2019 to April 12, 2024. The Village is to pay ERH Enterprises, Inc. \$4,250 monthly for a total of \$51,000 per year over the length of this operating agreement. As of April 30, 2021, the Village owes ERH Enterprises, Inc. \$51,000 for the years ended April 30, 2022, 2023, and 2024 under this operating agreement.

NOTE 10 – Legal Debt Margin

The Village's legal debt margin is 8.625% of the most recent available equalized assessed valuation (EAV) of the Village per 65 ILCS 5/8-5-1.

2020 EAV	\$ 3,448,573
Debt Legal (%)	 8.625%
Debt Margin	 297,439
Current Debt	 _
Remaining Debt Margin	\$ 297,439

VILLAGE OF LODA SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAX LEVIES, RATES, EXTENSIONS, AND COLLECTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2021

Fiscal Year of Receipt		2022	2021			2020		2019		2018	
Levy Year		2020	2019		2018		2017		2016		
Assessed Valuations	\$	3,448,573	\$	3,692,465	\$	3,850,425	\$	3,561,502	\$.	3,330,234	
Tax Levies											
Corporate	\$	8,900	\$	8,900	\$	8,781	\$	9,300	\$	11,300	
Audit	•	4,000	,	4,000	,	3,946	•	4,000	•	4,000	
Liability Insurance		10,100		8,900		7,991		6,700		6,700	
Street Lighting		1,300		1,300		1,283		1,300		1,300	
Social Security		350		350		345		350		350	
Unemployment Insurance		-		100		99		100		100	
Workers Compensation		300		300		296		300		300	
Public Comfort Station		50		50		49		50		50	
Total Tax Levies	\$	25,000	\$	23,900	\$	22,790	-\$	22,100	\$	24,100	
Total Tax Levies	<u>Ф</u>	23,000	—	23,900	<u>Ψ</u>	22,790	Ψ	22,100	Ψ	24,100	
Tax Rates											
Corporate		0.25000		0.24104		0.22805		0.25000		0.25000	
Audit		0.11599		0.10833		0.10250		0.11232		0.12011	
Liability Insurance		0.29288		0.24104		0.20755		0.18813		0.20118	
Street Lighting		0.03770		0.03521		0.03331		0.03651		0.03903	
Social Security		0.01015		0.00948		0.00897		0.00983		0.01050	
Unemployment Insurance		-		0.00271		0.00257		0.00281		0.00300	
Workers Compensation		0.00870		0.00813		0.00769		0.00843		0.00900	
Public Comfort Station		0.00145		0.00136		0.00129		0.00141		0.00150	
Total Tax Rates		0.71687		0.64729		0.59193		0.60944		0.63432	
	_				_						
Tax Extensions											
Corporate	\$	8,621	\$	8,900	\$	8,781	\$	8,904	\$	8,326	
Audit		4,000		4,000		3,947		4,000		4,000	
Liability Insurance		10,100		8,900		7,992		6,700		6,700	
Street Lighting		1,300		1,300		1,283		1,300		1,300	
Social Security		350		350		345		350		350	
Unemployment Insurance		-		100		99		100		100	
Workers Compensation		300		300		296		300		300	
Public Comfort Station		50		50		49		50		50	
Total Tax Extensions	\$	24,721	\$	23,900	\$	22,792	\$	21,704	\$	21,126	
T. C. B. C.											
Tax Collections				0.710		0.045		0.202		0.174	
Corporate Audit				8,712 3,915		8,845 3,975		8,382 3,766		8,164 3,922	
Liability Insurance				8,712		8,049		6,308		6,569	
Street Lighting				1,273		1,291		1,224		1,274	
Social Security				343		348		330		343	
Unemployment Insurance				98		100		94		98	
Workers Compensation				294		298		283		294	
Public Comfort Station				49		50		47		49	
Extended Tax Collection	S			23,396		22,956		20,434		20,713	
Adjustments:											
Road and Bridge Allocat	ion			5,229		5,389		5,191		4,812	
Total Tax Collections			\$	28,625	\$	28,345	\$	25,625	\$	25,525	
Percentage of Extension Coll	lecte	d		97.89%		100.72%		94.15%		98.05%	