VILLAGE OF LODA

Loda, Illinois

Annual Financial Report

For the Year Ended April 30, 2016

Feller & Kuester CPAs LLP Certified Public Accountants 806 Parkland Court, Suite 1 Champaign, IL 61821 217-351-3192

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees Village of Loda Loda, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Village of Loda, Illinois (the Village), as of and for the year ended April 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1. This includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Village's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used, and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made, by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Village as of April 30, 2016; the respective changes in modified cash basis financial position; and, when applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting as described in Note 1.

Other Matters

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements. The schedules listed as "Supplementary Information" in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basis financial statements.

The schedule listed as "Supplementary Information" is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements that describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Feller & Kuester CPAs LLP

Feller & Kuester CPA's LLP

Champaign, Illinois

May 25, 2016

VILLAGE OF LODA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS APRIL 30, 2016

		vernmental activities		iness-Type Activities		Total
Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	610,620	\$	172,684	\$	783,304
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation:						
Land (Not Being Depreciated)		5,000				5,000
Other Capital Assets		122,382		301,192	Paradiana	423,574
Total Assets	<u></u>	738,002		473,876		1,211,878
Liabilities						
Payroll Taxes Payable		•••		-		
Total Liabilities		-	<u> </u>	***************************************	***************************************	***************************************
Net Position						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		127,382		301,192		428,574
Restricted for:						
Expendable:						
Unspent Levy Allocations		7,729		-		7,729
Streets and Alleys (MFT)		102,942		-		102,942
Unrestricted		499,949		172,684		672,633
Total Net Position	\$	738,002	\$	473,876	\$	1,211,878

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2016 VILLAGE OF LODA

e and ion	nt	Total			\$ (55,635)	(45,131)	(6,156)	(106,922)		3,878	3,878	(103,044)		25,738	15,754	43,458	2,157	30,973	2,976	10,431	1,020	9,635	142,142	360,68	1,131,932	\$ 1,211,878
Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	Primary Government	Business-Type Activities			٠	1	1	I		3,878	3,878	3,878		1	ı	ı	ı	ı	1	1	321	J	321	4,199		\$ 473,876
Net (E	Pri	Governmental Activities			\$ (55,635)	\$ (45,131)	\$ (6,156)	(106,922)		'	Company of the Compan	(106,922)		25,738	15,754	43,458	2,157	30,973	2,976	10,431	669	9,635	141,821	34,899		\$ 738,002
	Capital	Grants and Contributions				1		L		1	1	-														
Program Revenues	Operating	Grants and Contributions				į	ı			1		1 ←	·S.		ility Tax	Tax	ement Tax	se Tax	Jaming Tax	Fuel Tax	4)		venue	osition	ay 1, 2015	oril 30, 2016
pushed of the state of the stat		Charges for Services			\$ 2,370	1	1	2,370		87,177	87,177	\$ 89,547	General Revenues: Taxes:	Property Tax	Municipal Utility Tax	State Income Tax	State Replacement Tax	State Sales-Use Tax	State Video Gaming Tax	State Motor Fuel Tax	Interest Income	Other	Total General Revenue	Change in Net Position	Net Position - May 1, 2015	Net Position - April 30, 2016
		Expenses			\$ 58,005	45,131	io 6,156	109,292		83,299	83,299	\$ 192,591														
		Functions/Programs	Primary Government:	Governmental Activities:	General Government	Streets and Alleys	Public Comfort Station-Park Recreatio	Total Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities:	Water	Total Business-Type Activities	Total Primary Government														

See Accompanying Notes.

VILLAGE OF LODA STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND FUND BALANCES MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS APRIL 30, 2016

	General Fund		KE und	Motor Fuel Tax Fund	Audit Fund	St	c Comfo ation fund	Ins	surance Fund	Gove	otal rnment ınds
Assets	•	-			 			***************************************			
Current Assets											
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 499,949			\$ 102,942	 5,878		795		1,056	\$ 6	10,620
Total Assets	\$ 499,949	\$	-	\$ 102,942	\$ 5,878	\$	795		1,056	\$ 6	10,620
Liabilities											
None	\$ -			\$ -	 -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Fund Balances											
Restricted	-		_	102,942	5,878		795		1,056	1	10,671
Unassigned	499,949		-	-	_		-		-	49	99,949
Fund Balances	499,949	-		102,942	 5,878		795		1,056	6	10,620
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 499,949	\$	-	\$ 102,942	 5,878	\$	795		1,056	\$ 6	10,620
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position	ı - Modified Ca	ısh Basi	is:								
Total Fund Balances of Governmental Funds										\$ 6	10,620
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activiti Net Position - Modified Cash Basis are Dif		ent of									
Capital assets used in governmental activiti resources and, therefore, are not reported in		cial								1	27,382
Net Position of Governmental Activities										\$ 7	38,002

VILLAGE OF LODA

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2016

	(General Fund		IKE Fund			r Fuel Tax Fund	ζ	Audit Fund	S	c Comfort tation Fund		nsurance Fund	Gov	Totals vernmental Funds
Revenue			•												
Local Revenue															
Property Tax	\$	12,970	\$		-	\$	-	\$	3,887	\$	49	\$	8,832	\$	25,738
Municipal Utility Tax		15,754			-		-		_		-		-		15,754
Intergovernmental															
State Income Tax		43,458			-		-		-		-		-		43,458
State Replacement Tax		2,157			-		-		-		-		-		2,157
State Sales-Use Tax		30,973			-		-		-		-		-		30,973
State Video Gaming Tax		2,976			-		-		-		-		-		2,976
State Motor Fuel Tax					-		10,431		-		-		-		10,431
Grant Income					-		-								-
Other															
Fines					-				-		-		-		-
License and Permits		2,370			-				-		-		-		2,370
Interest Income		494			-		165		7		6		27		699
Other		5,559			-		-		-		4,076				9,635
Total Revenues Received		116,711			-		10,596		3,894		4,131		8,859		144,191
Expenditures Current															
General Government		42,481			-		-		3,600		-		11,924		58,005
Streets and Alleys		26,277			-		-				-		-		26,277
Park		-			-		-		-		6,156		-		6,156
Capital Outlays		· -			-		-		-						
Total Expenditures Disbursed		68,758			_		-		3,600		6,156		11,924		90,438
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue Over Expenditure		47,953			-		10,596		294		(2,025)		(3,065)		53,753
Other Financing Sources (Uses)															
Transfers In (Out)					-				-		-				-
Net Changes in Fund Balances		47,953			_		10,596		294		(2,025)		(3,065)		53,753
Fund Balances - May 1, 2015		451,996			_		92,346		5,584		2,820		4,121		517,848
Fund Balances - April 30, 2016		499,949	\$			\$	102,942	\$	5,878	\$	795	-\$	1,056	\$	571,601
Tund Bullings Tipin 30, 2010			<u></u>			-			2,070				1,000		
Reconciliation to the Statement of Activities - Net Change in Fund Balances of Governmental F			sh Ba	asis:										\$	53,753
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities Cash Basis are Different Because:	in t	the Statem	ent o	of Activ	itie	s - Mo	odified								
Governmental funds report capital outlays as ex report depreciation to allocate those costs over to Capital Outlay - assets capitalized Depreciation Expense					ien	t activ	ities								- (18,854)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	es													\$	34,899

VILLAGE OF LODA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS APRIL 30, 2016

	Enter	prise Funds
	W	ater Fund
Assets	New York Control of the Control of t	
Current Assets		
Cash, Cash Equivalents and Receivables	\$	172,684
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation		
Land (Not Being Depreciated)		
Other Capital Assets		301,192
Total Capital Assets, Net		301,192
Total Assets		473,876
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities		
Capital Debt Payable, Current Portion		-
Total Liabilities		-
Net Position		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		301,192
Restricted for:		,
Expendable:		
Unrestricted	ALC LIBERTON CONTROL TO THE CONTROL THE CONTROL TO THE CONTROL THE CONTROL TO THE CONTROL THE CONTROL TO THE CONTROL TO THE CONTROL TO THE CONTROL TO THE CO	172,684
Total Net Position	\$	473,876

VILLAGE OF LODA

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2016

	Enter	prise Funds
	Wa	ater Fund
Operating Revenues		
User Fees	\$	87,177
Total Operating Revenue		87,177
Operating Expenses		
Contractual Services		53,736
Materials and Supplies		7,879
Utilities		6,086
Depreciation		15,598
Total Operating Expenses		83,299
Operating Income (Loss)		3,878
Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses)		
Interest Income		321
Interest Expense		-
Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses)		321
Income (Loss) Before Transfers		4,199
Transfers		
None		
Net Transfers In (Out)		
Change in Net Position		4,199
Net Position - May 1, 2015		469,677
Net Position - April 30, 2016	\$	473,876

VILLAGE OF LODA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2016

	Enter	prise Funds
	Wa	iter Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	•	
Receipts from Customers	\$	87,177
Payments to Vendors		(67,701)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	L	19,476
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities		
None		
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Payment of Interest on Capital Debt		-
Repayment of Principal on Capital Debt		
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Capital and Related Financing Activities		7-0
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Interest Receipts		321
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		19,797
Cash and Cash Equivalents - May 1, 2015		152,887
Cash and Cash Equivalents - April 30, 2016	\$	172,684
D. W. C. Co. C. J. J. W. A. N. A. C. A.		
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash		
Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$	3,878
Operating Income (Loss)	Ф	3,676
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided		
Provided by(Used in) Operating Activities:		15,598
Depreciation expense	\$	19,476
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	Φ	19,470

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

As discussed further later in this Note, these financial statements are presented on a modified cash basis of accounting. This modified cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). GAAP include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements plus other sources of accounting and financial reporting guidance noted in GASB Statement 55, *The Hierarchy of GAAP for State and Local Governments*. In the government-wide financial statements, Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, have been applied, to the extent they are applicable to the modified cash basis of accounting, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case GASB prevails.

Financial Reporting Entity

The Village of Loda (the Village) is duly organized and existing under the provisions of the laws of the State of Illinois. The Village is governed by an elected Board consisting of six trustees. The Village's financial reporting entity is composed of a single primary government. In determining the financial reporting entity, the Village complies with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*. Based on the operational and financial criteria of that statement, the Village does not have a component unit that should be reported as part of the reporting entity.

Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis and the Statement of Activities – Modified Cash Basis display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitutes its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into two major categories: governmental and proprietary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Village or meets the following criteria:

- Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental fund or proprietary fund are at least ten percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type.
- Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental fund or proprietary fund are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and proprietary funds combined.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental Funds

General Fund – The general fund is the primary operating fund of the Village and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

Special Revenue Funds – Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are either legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposed or designated to finance particular functions or activities of the Village. The reporting entity included the following special revenue fund that is reported as a major fund:

Fund Motor Fuel Tax Fund	Brief Description Accounts for motor fuel tax provided by the State of Illinois and expenditures paid for road repair and replacement.
IKE Fund	Reports grant income and expenses. None this year.
Audit Fund	Accounts for property taxes levied and expenditures Paid for audit services.
Public Comfort Fund	Accounts for property taxes levied and expenditures Paid for the public restrooms in the park.
Insurance Fund	Accounts for property taxes levied and expenditures Paid for insurance expenses.

Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds – Enterprise funds are used to account for business-type activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges and measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector. The reporting entity includes the following enterprise fund that is reported as a major fund:

Fund

Brief Description

Water Fund

Accounts for revenues received and expenses paid for operating the water system.

The Insurance Fund, Audit Fund, and the Public Comfort Station Fund do not meet the requirements of a major fund; however, management has elected to include these funds as major funds of the reporting entity.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis and the Statement of Activities – Modified Cash Basis, both governmental activities and business-type activities are presented using the "economic resources" measurement focus, within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting, as defined below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus, as applied to the modified cash basis of accounting, is used as defined below:

- All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- The proprietary funds utilize an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current, financial or non-financial) associated with their activities are reported. These funds' equities are classified as net position.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis and Statement of Activities – Modified Cash Basis and the fund financial statements, activities are presented using a modified cash basis of accounting. This basis recognizes assets, liabilities, net position/fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses when they result from cash transactions with a provision for depreciation and recording of long-term debt in the

government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds financial statements. This basis is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

If the Village utilized the basis of accounting recognized as generally accepted in the United States of America, the fund financial statements for governmental funds would use the modified accrual basis of accounting. All government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements for proprietary funds would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of these statements, cash and cash equivalents include all cash and highly liquid investments acquired with an original maturity date of three months or less. Since the penalties of converting certificate of deposits to cash is insignificant, all certificate of deposits have been included with cash and cash equivalents.

Capital Assets

The Village's modified cash basis of accounting reports capital assets resulting from cash transactions and reports depreciation where appropriate. The accounting treatment over property, plant, and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and similar discretely presented component unit operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements

In the government—wide financial statements, capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost, if actual historical cost is not available. The Village's management uses a capitalization threshold of \$5000, although the Village's Board of Trustees has not enacted a capitalization policy. Donated property and equipment is valued at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays in excess of \$5000 that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. The Village, in compliance with GASB 34 (as amended), as a Phase 3 implementer, has chosen not to capitalize infrastructure costs incurred prior to the implementation of GASB 34 at May 1, 2004 for governmental activities on the Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis.

Governmental Activities	
Infrastructure	25-50 years
Building	40-50 years
Equipment	3-20 years
Business-Type Activities	
Office Equipment	3-20 years
Water System and Equipment	10-50 years

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets arising from cash transactions acquired for use in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets acquired for use in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as government-wide financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

All long-term debt arising from cash basis transactions to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements.

Long-term debt arising from cash basis transactions of governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary funds is the same in the fund financial statements as the treatment in the government-wide financial statements.

Equity Classification

Government-Wide Statements

In the government-wide financial statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Village's policy to use restricted resources first and then unrestricted.

- Net Investment in Capital Assets consists of capital assets including restricted capital
 assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any
 bonds, mortgages, notes or other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction,
 or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted Net Position consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by external groups, by laws of other higher authority governments, or by constitutional provisions. The Village at April 30, 2016 reported the total amount of \$110,671 as restricted in the following components:

- \$102,942 restricted for unspent motor fuel tax. This amount can only be spent on street and alley improvements under state laws and procedures.
- * \$795 restricted for unspent public comfort station special tax levy. This amount can only be spent on park expenses.
- \$5,878 restricted for unspent audit special tax levy. This amount can only be spent on auditing services.
- \$1,056 restricted for unspent liability insurance special tax levy. This amount can only be spent on liability insurance.
- Unrestricted Net Position consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of restricted or net investment in capital assets.

Fund Financial Statements

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund equity is classified as fund balance and displayed in five components in accordance with GASB Statement Number 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. The five components of fund balance are:

- Nonspendable consists of fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints require them to be maintained intact. At April 30, 2016, the Village did not report any amounts as nonspendable.
- Restricted consists of fund balances with constraints placed on their use either by external groups, by laws of higher authority governments or by constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation. The Village at April 30, 2016 reported the total amount of \$110,671 as restricted in the following components:
 - \$102,942 restricted for unspent motor fuel tax. This amount can only be spent on street and alley improvements under state laws and procedures.
 - \$795 restricted for unspent public comfort station special tax levy. This amount can only be spent on park expenses.
 - \$5,878 restricted for unspent audit special tax levy. This amount can only be spent on auditing services.
 - \$1,056 restricted for unspent liability insurance special tax levy. This amount can only be spent on liability insurance.
- Committed consists of fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes
 that are internally imposed by formal action of the highest level of decision making
 authority, the Village Trustees. These amounts are committed thru a resolution approved
 by the Village Trustees prior to year end (actual amounts are determined after year end).
 Any changes to the constraints imposed require amendment by the same type of Village

Trustee resolution. At April 30, 2016, the Village did not report any amounts as committed.

- Assigned consists of fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are not considered restricted or committed. Fund balance may be assigned by financial management or official action of the Village Trustees and also includes all amounts in governmental funds, other than the general fund, that are not restricted or committed. Assignments may take place after the end of the reporting period. At April 30, 2016, the Village did not report any amounts as assigned.
- Unassigned consists of residual positive fund balance within the general fund which has not been classified within the other above categories. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed or assigned for those specific purposes. At April 30, 2016, the Village reported the amount of \$451,996 as unassigned in the general fund.

The Village's flow of funds assumption prescribes that the funds with the highest level of constraint are expended first. If restricted or unrestricted funds are available for spending, the restricted funds are spent first unless there are legal documents or contracts that prohibit this (ex. grant agreements). Additionally, if different levels of unrestricted funds are available for spending, the Village considers committed funds to be expended first followed by assigned and then unassigned funds.

The Village does not maintain any rainy day funds (amounts set aside for use in emergency situations or when a budgetary imbalance arises). The Village also does not utilize encumbrance accounting. Appropriations not spent at year-end lapse and may be acted upon as a supplemental appropriation, if required.

Program Revenues

In the Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis, revenues that are derived directly from each activity or from parties outside the Village's taxpayers are reported as program revenues. Program revenues include the following:

Governmental Activities

Charges for Services:

License and Permits

Fees paid by the public for license and permits.

Business-Type Activities

Charges for Services:

User Fees

Fees paid by the public for water usage.

All other governmental revenues are reported as general. All taxes are classified as general revenue even if restricted for a specific purpose.

Operating and Non-Operating Revenues and Expenses of the Proprietary Funds

Operating revenues and expenses for the proprietary funds are those that result from providing services. It also includes all revenues and expenses not related to capital and related financing, non-capital financing, or investing activities.

Internal and Interfund Balances and Activities

In the process of aggregating the financial information for the government-wide Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis and Statement of Activities – Modified Cash Basis, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the fund financial statements have been eliminated or reclassified.

Fund Financial Statements

Interfund activity, if any, within and among the governmental fund categories is reported as follows in the fund financial statements:

- 1. Interfund Loans Amounts provided with a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund receivables and payables.
- 2. Interfund Services Sales or purchases of goods and services between funds are reported as revenues and expenditures/expenses.
- 3. Interfund Reimbursements Repayments from funds responsible for certain expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not reported as reimbursements but as adjustments to expenditures/expenses in the respective funds.
- 4. Interfund Transfers Flow of assets from one fund to another where repayment is not expected are reported as transfers in and out.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Interfund activity and balances, if any, are eliminated or reclassified in the government-wide financial statements as follows:

- 1. Internal Balances Amounts reported in the fund financial statements as interfund receivables and payables are eliminated in the governmental columns of the Statement of Net Position Modified Cash Basis, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities which are reported as Internal Balances.
- 2. Internal Activities Amounts reported as interfund transfers in the fund financial statements are eliminated in the government-wide Statement of Activities Modified Cash Basis except for the net amount of transfers between governmental and business-type activities, which are reported as Transfers-Internal Activities. The effects of interfund services between funds, if any, are not eliminated in the Statement of Activities Modified Cash Basis.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the other comprehensive basis of accounting (OCBOA) used by the Village requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures (such as estimated useful lives in determining depreciation expense); accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Subsequent Events

The Village has evaluated subsequent events through May 25, 2016, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued. There were no subsequent events requiring recognition or disclosure in the financial statements.

NOTE 2 - Legal Budget

Legal budgets are prepared in the form of appropriations for Village funds using the same accounting basis and practices as are used to account for and prepare financial reports. Unexpended appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year. Once a budget is approved, it can be amended at the function and fund level by approval of a majority of the members of the Board of Village Trustees after a public notice and hearing.

Appropriations transfers between budget line items may be presented to the Board at their regular meetings. Each transfer must have Board approval. Such transfers are made before the fact and are reflected in the official minutes of the Board. There were no transfers made after fiscal year-end, as dictated by law.

The Village does not prepare a budget for revenues. The Village did not have any expenditure over legal appropriation limits for the year ended April 30, 2016.

NOTE 3 – Property Taxes

The Village's property tax is levied each year on all taxable real property located in the Village on or before the last day in December. The Board of Village Trustees passed the 2013 tax levy on September 11, 2013. The Board of Village Trustees passed the 2014 tax levy on September 10, 2014. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 and are payable in two installments on June 1 and September 1. The Village receives significant distributions of tax receipts approximately one month after these due dates. Property tax receipts in these financial statements are from the 2014 tax levy.

NOTE 4 – Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Village is authorized to invest excess funds in instruments outlined under Chapter 30, Section 235, of the Illinois Compiled Statutes. Such instruments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury, savings accounts, certificates of deposit, and money market mutual funds.

Custodial Credit Risk – Bank Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned to it. The Village does not have an investment policy and thus does not have a written policy to address custodial credit risk. At April 30, 2016, none of the Village's bank deposits totaling \$783,304 was subject to custodial credit risk as all deposits were insured by federal deposit insurance or fully collateralized.

NOTE 5 – Capital Assets

The following is a summary of the changes in the property and equipment of the governmental activities for the year ended April 30, 2016:

Not Depreciable						
Land	\$ 5,000	\$	-	\$ -	\$	5,000
Depreciable						
Property and Equipment:						
Buildings	211,352		-	-	2	211,352
Other Improvements	30,410		-	-		30,410
Machinery and Equipment	111,946		-	-	1	11,946
Less: Accumulated						
Depreciation	 (212,472)	(18	<u>,854)</u>	 -	(2	231,326)
Property and Equipment, Net	\$ 146,236	\$ (18	,854)	\$	\$ 1	127,382

Depreciation expense was charged to the Streets and Alleys function in the amount of \$18,854.

The following is a summary of the changes in the property and equipment of the business-type activities (proprietary fund) for the year ended April 30, 2016:

	April 30, 2015		Addi	itions	Retir	ements	April 30, 201		
Not Depreciable									
Land	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	
Depreciable									
Property and Equipment:									
Buildings		-		_		-		_	
Machinery and Equipment		3,769				-		3,769	
Utility Property and Improvemen)	587,360		-		_	58	7,360	
Less: Accumulated									
Depreciation		(274,339)	(15	5,598)		-	(28	9,937)	
Property and Equipment, Net	\$	316,790	\$ (15	5,598)	\$		\$ 30	1,192	

Depreciation expense was charged to the Water function in the amount of \$15,598.

NOTE 6 – Interfund Receivables and Payables and Transfers

The Village has no interfund receivables or payables at April 30, 2016.

Transfers to / from Other Funds

The Village has no interfund transfers at April 30, 2016.

NOTE 7 – Employee Pension Plan and other Benefit Plans

The Village does not maintain and employee pension or benefit plans.

NOTE 8 – Risk Management

Significant losses are covered by commercial insurance for property, liability, and workers compensation. During the year ended April 30, 2016, there were no significant reductions in coverage. Also, there have been no settlement amounts that have exceeded insurance coverage in the past three years.

NOTE 9 – Restricted Property Tax Activity

The Village had the following restricted property tax activity in the general fund during the year ended April 30, 2016:

Special Tax Levy									
	Road &		Street		Unempl		Social		
	Bridge		Lighting		Ins		Security		
Restricted Balance April 30, 2015	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Property Taxes Received	4,487		1,263		99			319	
Expenditures Incurred	(4,487)		(1,263)		(99)			(319)	
Restricted Balance April 30, 2016	\$		\$	-	\$		\$	**	

NOTE 10 – Position Deficit

The Village does not have any funds with a Net Position Deficit.

NOTE 11 – ILLINOIS "IKE" DISASTER RECOVERY PROGRAM

In prior years, Loda received grant award (08-354007) in the amount not to exceed \$319,918.00. The grant was used to provide "Public Infrastructure – Storm Sewer Construction and Engineering Costs". During the past year, \$68,209 was received and spent. Details of the grant are on file with the Village Clerk. The Program was completed last year.

NOTE 12 – ERH OPERATING AGREEMENT - COMMITMENTS

The Village entered into an operating agreement with ERH Enterprises to run the water system starting April 12, 2006. The agreement continues and has been renewed, current renewal runs until April 12, 2017 and the Village pays ERH \$4,166.67 monthly.

NOTE 13 – Legal Debt Margin

The Village's legal debt margin is 8.625% of the most recent available equalized assessed valuation (EAV) of the Village per 65 ILCS 5/8-5-1.

\$ 3,278,696
8.625%
282,788
-
\$ 282,788
\$

VILLAGE OF LODA PROPERTY TAX LEVIES, RATES, EXTENSIONS, AND COLLECTIONS FOR THE YEARS ENDED APRIL 30

Fiscal Year of Receipt	2017			2016		2015	2014		
Levy Year		2015	2014		2013		2012		
Assessed Valuations	\$	3,278,696	\$ 3,336,162		\$	\$ 3,482,426		\$ 3,543,512	
Tax Levies									
	\$	10 100	\$	7,000	\$	7,000	\$	7,000	
Corporate	Φ	10,100	Φ		Φ		Φ	•	
Audit		4,000		4,000		4,000		3,700	
Liability Insurance		6,700		9,090		9,090		8,390	
Street Lighting		1,300		1,300		1,300		1,300	
Social Security		350		328		328		328	
Unemployment Insurance		100		102		102		102	
Workers Compensation		300						-	
Public Comfort Station		50		50		50		50	
Total Tax Levies	\$	22,900	\$	21,870	\$	21,870	\$	20,870	
Tax Rates									
Corporate		0.25000		0.20983		0.20101		0.19755	
Audit		0.12200		0.11990		0.11487		0.10442	
Liability Insurance		0.20435		0.27247		0.26103		0.23678	
Street Lighting		0.03965		0.03897		0.03734		0.03669	
Social Security		0.01068		0.00984		0.00942		0.00926	
Unemployment Insurance		0.00305		0.00306		0.00293		0.00288	
Workers Compensation		0.00915		-		-		-	
Public Comfort Station		0.00153		0.00150		0.00144		0.00142	
Total Tax Rates		0.64041	***************************************	0.65557	***************************************	0.62804		0.58900	
Tax Extensions		p		C					
Corporate	\$	8,197	\$	7,000	\$	7,000	\$	7,000	
Audit		4,000		4,000		4,000		3,700	
Liability Insurance		6,700		9,090		9,090		8,390	
Street Lighting		1,300		1,300		1,300		1,300	
Social Security		350		328		328		328	
Unemployment Insurance		100		102		102		102	
Workers Compensation		300		102					
Public Comfort Station		50		50		50		50	
Total Tax Extensions	\$	20,997	\$	21,870	-\$	21,870	\$	20,870	
Tax Collections		20,771	Ψ	21,070	Ψ	21,070	<u>Ψ</u>	20,070	
Corporate				6,802	\$	7,254	\$	6,560	
Audit				3,886	φ	4,146	ψ	3,467	
Liability Insurance				8,832		9,422		7,863	
						1,348		1,218	
Street Lighting				1,263 319		340		307	
Social Security									
Unemployment Insurance				99		106		96 47	
Public Comfort Station				49		52		47	
Extended Tax Collections				21,250		22,668		19,558	
Adjustments:				4 407		4 437		4 100	
Road and Bridge Allocation				4,487		4,417	d	4,100	
Total Tax Collections			\$	25,737		27,085	\$	23,658	
Percentage of Extension Collected				97.17%		103.65%		93.71%	